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https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms19066/(v=sql.90).aspx NEW QUESTION SYou have an on-premises server that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Standard Edition. You need to identify missing indexes. What should you use? A. Activity MonitorB. Sp_who3C. SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) Object ExplorerD. SQL Server Data CollectorE. SQL Server Data Tools (SSDT)F. SQL Server Configuration Manager Answer: DExplanation:Data Collector can gather performance information from multiple SQL Server instances and store it in a single repository. It has three built-in data collecting specifications (data collectors) designed to collect the most important performance metrics. The information collected by default is about disk usage, query statistics, and server activity. The Query Statistics data collection set collects information about query statistics, activity, execution plans and text on the SQL Server instance. Missing indexes can be found with the execution plans. https://www.sqlshack.com/sql-server-performance-monitoring-data-collector/ NEW QUESTION 6You have a database named

DB1 that stores more than 700 gigabyte (GB) of data and serves millions of requests per hour. Queries on DB1 are taking longer than normal to complete. You run the following Transact-SQL statement:SELECT* FROM sys.database_query_store_optionsYou determine that the Query Store is in Read-Only mode. You need to maximize the time that the Query Store is in Read-Write mode. Which Transact-SQL statement should you run? A. ALTER DATABASE DB1SET QUERY_STORE (QUERY_CAPTURE_MODE = ALL)B. ALTER DATABASE DB1SET QUERY_STORE (MAX_STORAGE_SIZE_MB = SO) C. ALTER DATABASE DB1SET QUERY_STORE (CLEANUP_POLICY = (STALE_QUERY_THRESHOLD_DAYS = 14)) D. ALTER DATABASE DB1SET QUERY_STORE (QUERY_CAPTURE_MODE = NONE) Answer: CExplanation:Stale Query Threshold (Days): Time-based cleanup policy that controls the retention period of persisted runtime statistics and inactive queries. By default, Query Store is configured to keep the data for 30 days which may be unnecessarily long for your scenario. Avoid keeping historical data that you do not plan to use. This will reduce changes to read-only status. The size of Query Store data as well as the time to detect and mitigate the issue will be more predictable. Use Management Studio or the following script to configure time-based cleanup policy:ALTER DATABASE [QueryStoreDB]SET QUERY_STORE (CLEANUP_POLICY = (STALE_QUERY_THRESHOLD_DAYS = 14));

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/performance/best-practice-with-the-query-store NEW QUESTION 7?? Download the newest PassLeader 70-764 dumps from passleader.com now! 100% Pass Guarantee! 70-764 PDF dumps & 70-764 VCE dumps: http://www.passleader.com/70-764.html (65 Q&As) (New Questions Are 100% Available and Wrong Answers Have Been Corrected! Free VCE simulator!) P.S. New 70-764 dumps PDF:

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